

Seward to Glenn Connection PEL Study

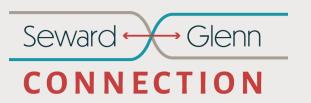


Preliminary Alternatives

Technical Advisory Committee March 8, 2024



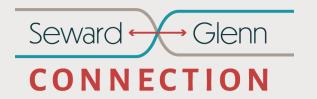
Welcome, Introductions, Agenda

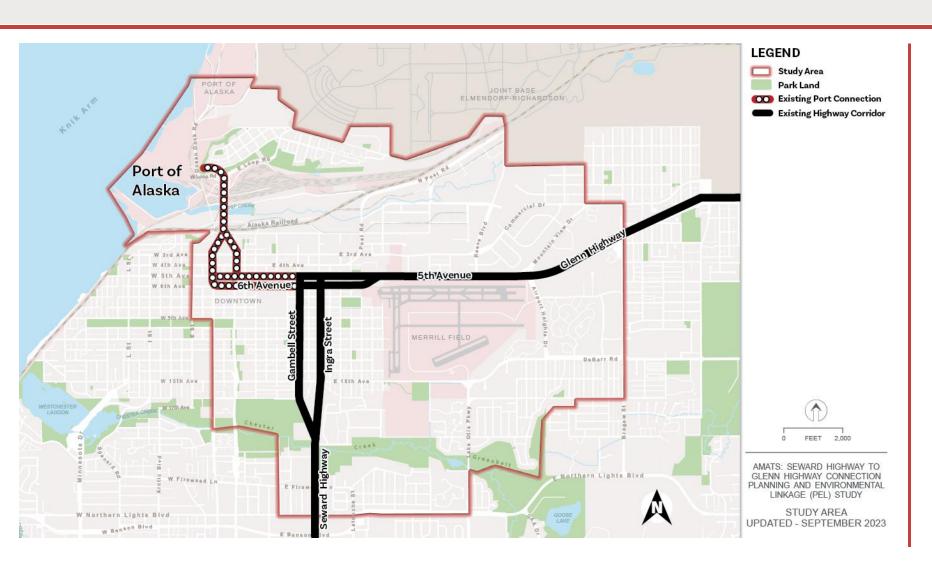


- 1. Welcome Galen Jones
- 2. Introductions
- 3. Study overview, approach, and alternatives
- 4. Discussion and feedback



Seward Glenn Connection PEL Study



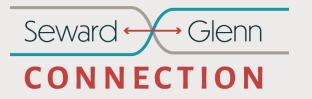


Study Description

"...identify and evaluate options to improve transportation safety, livability, and regional travel between the Seward and Glenn Highways, and local travel within the surrounding neighborhoods. The project will also identify ways to improve access between the Port of Alaska and the highway network."

Balanced Design Approach

We incorporated the following ideas into every alternative:





Improve Local Travel, Livability, and Economic Development

- A main street design on Gambell Street
- Complete street or woonerf design on Ingra Street and/or Hyder Street
- Reduce lanes on 5th and 6th Avenues and Gambell and Ingra Streets as described in the MTP 2050
- Pedestrian bridge (over depressed freeway alternatives) or nonmotorized upgrade on 10th Avenue



Reduce Travel Conflicts and Improve Safety

- Reduce local and regional travel conflicts by depressing the highway or routing it to bypass neighborhoods
- Remove Port traffic from neighborhoods



Improve Nonmotorized Travel and Livability

- Regional trail connecting Chester Creek Trail to Ship Creek Trail to form a loop around Anchorage's urban core (via proposed Fairview greenway connection, Ship Creek Trail, Coastal Trail, and Chester Creek Trail)
- Pedestrian bridges or tunnels across major roadways
- Roadway bridge over Chester Creek at Seward Highway to improve pedestrian undercrossing and return creek to natural conditions for fish passage
- Trail connections from Bragaw Street to Reeve Boulevard



Improve Regional Travel

- A free-flow highway connection from the Seward Highway to the Glenn Highway
- Fill in the gap between existing controlled-access freeways, improving connectivity for regional travelers



Improve Freight Movement, Reduce Conflicts, and Improve Safety

- Reduce truck traffic on local streets by connecting the Port of Alaska directly to a highway interchange
- Increase freight mobility by keeping trucks on freeways and rerouting them to industrial streets without stop lights

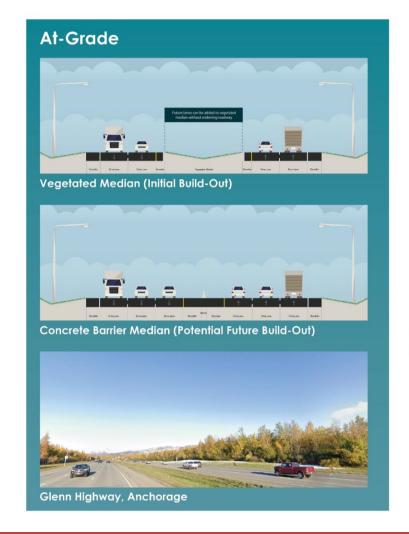


Consistency with Adopted Plans

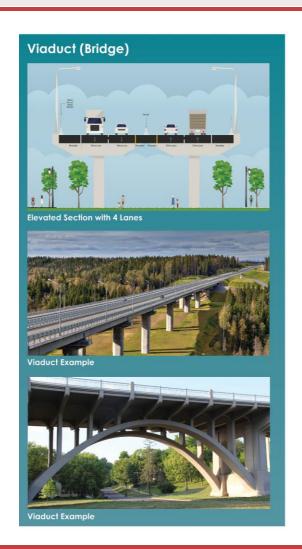
- Accommodation/promotion of planned improvements from:
 - Metropolitan Transportation
 Plan 2050
 - Anchorage Land Use Plan Map
 - · Fairview Neighborhood Plan
 - Gambell Street Redevelopment and Implementation Plan

Regional Roadway Examples





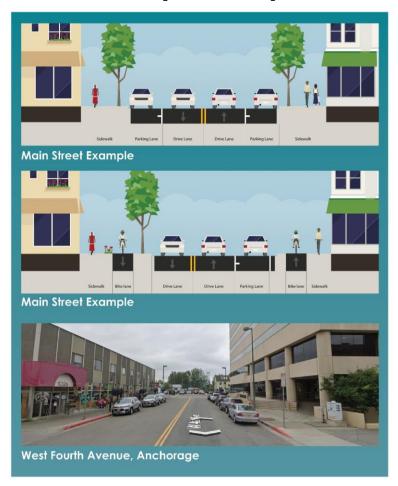




Local Roadway Examples



Main Street (Gambell)



Woonerf (Hyder)



Complete Street (Ingra)



Alt A

Design Approach

- Test MTP 2040 highway connection alignment
- Ingra St as a collector road to accommodate local traffic in Fairview

- Depressed on Hyder St to separate regional and local traffic
- Direct access to Downtown
- Multiple options for Port access using an extension of Gambell St and Ingra St
- Uses alignment ideas from past adopted plan
- Greenway trail connection along Ingra St



Alt A Non-Motorized



Alt B

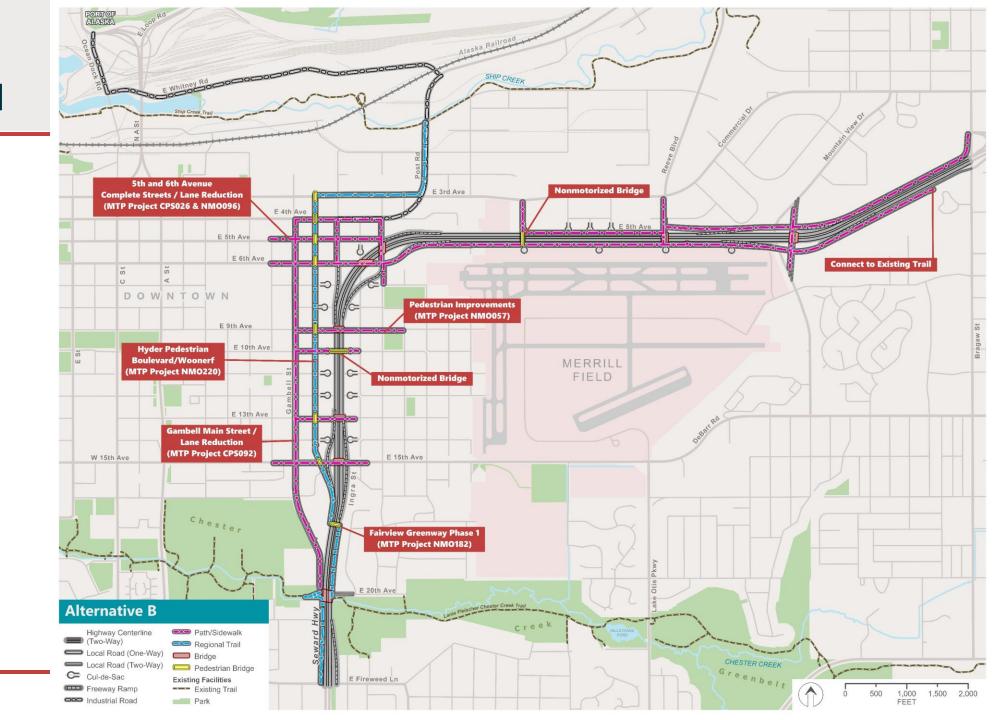
Design Approach

- Maximize use of existing DOT&PF right-of-way
- Hyder utilized as a woonerf and greenway connection
- Shorter hwy through Fairview; reduced business relocations

- Depressed alignment on Ingra; separate regional and local traffic
- Direct access Downtown
- Frontage road for Merrill Field
- Port connection upgrade via Post Rd to Whitney Rd to a new interchange
- Trail connection and woonerf on Hyder St



Alt B Non-Motorized



Alt AB1

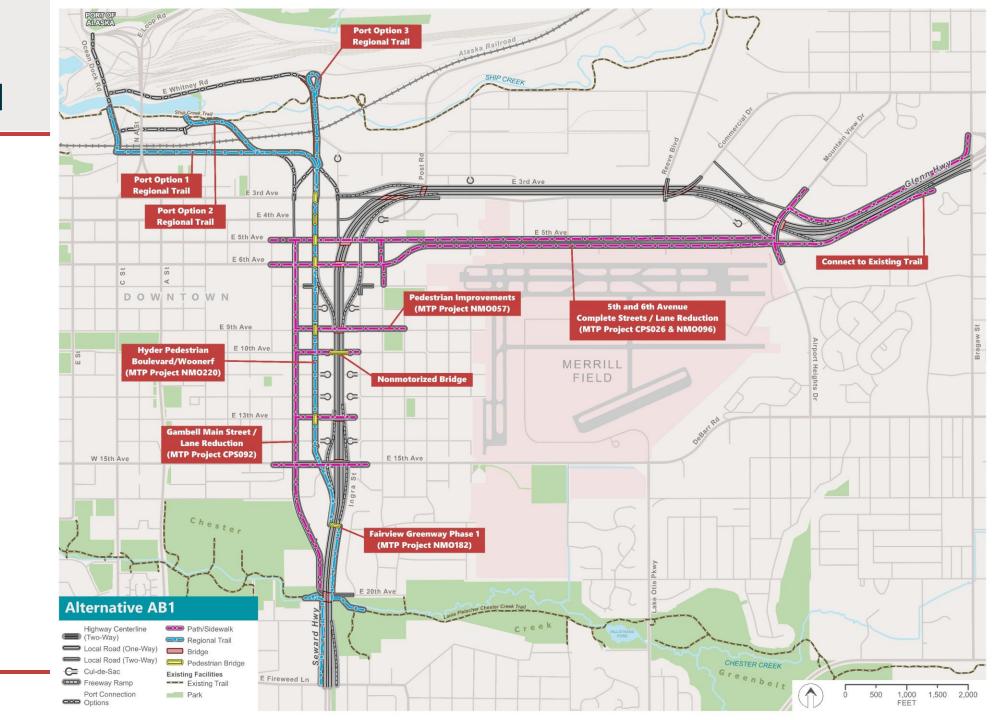
Design Approach

- Utilize DOT&PF right-of-way
- Use parts of Alts A and B to reduce commercial impacts
- Eliminate Merrill Field north access & RSA impacts

- Direct access to Downtown
- Airport Heights interchange and routing from Alt A; reduce commercial impacts along 5th
- Depressed on Ingra; separate regional and local traffic
- Frontage road for Merrill Field
- Port connection upgrade
- Greenway trail connection and woonerf on Hyder St



Alt AB1 Non-Motorized

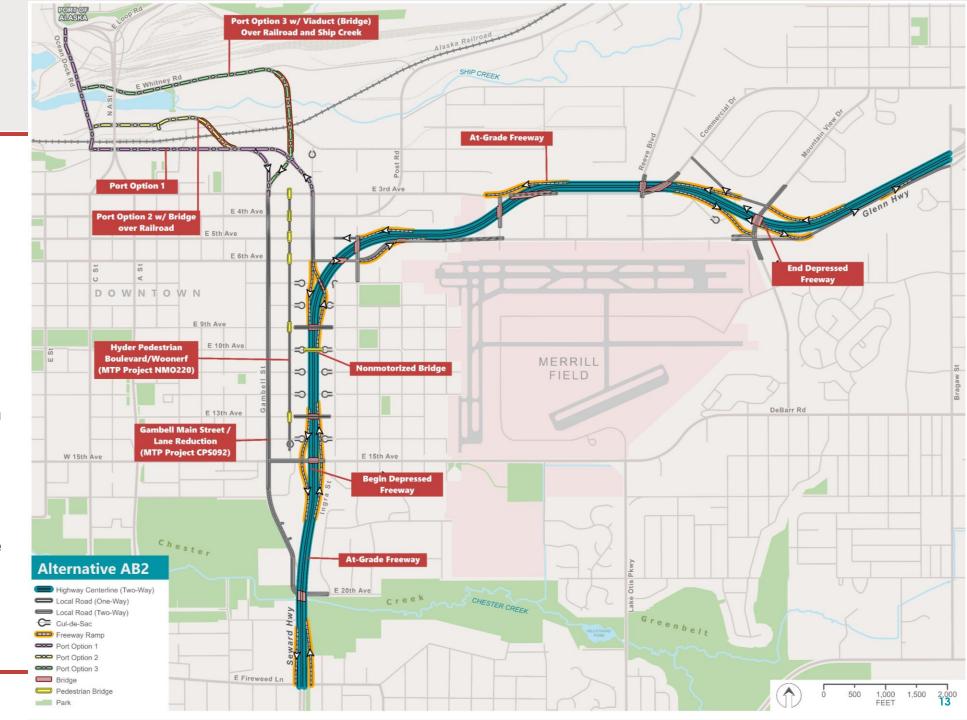


Alt AB2

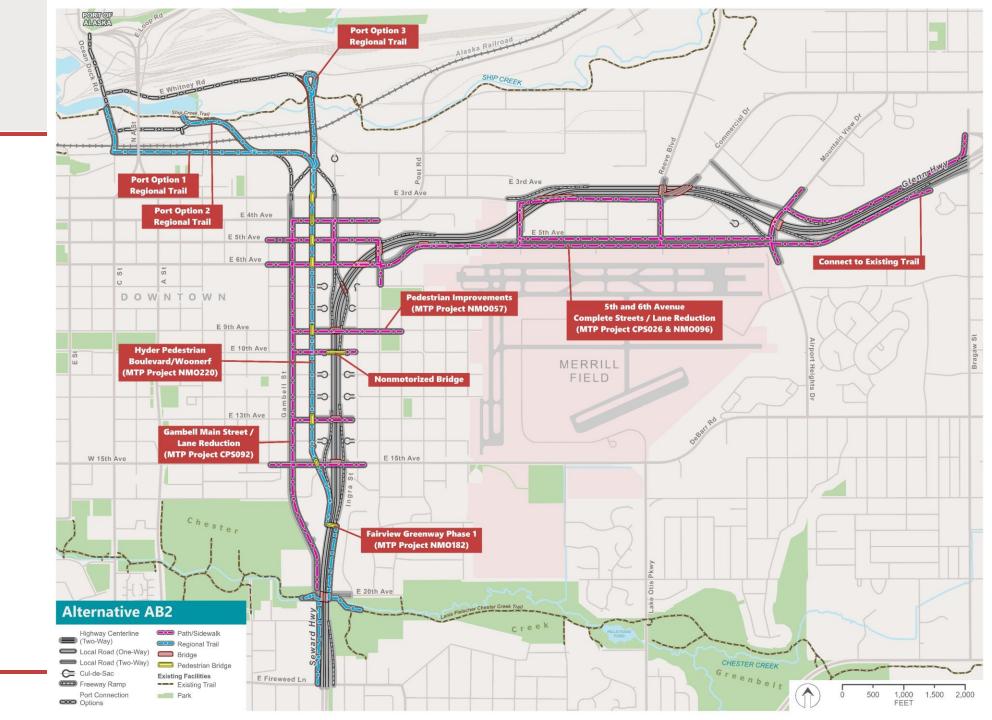
Design Approach

- Utilize DOT&PF right-of-way
- Use parts of Alts A and B to reduce commercial impacts
- Eliminate Merrill Field north access & RSA impacts

- Airport Heights interchange and routing from Alt A; reduce commercial impacts along 5th
- Cross through Merrill Field runway protection zone to connect Alts A and B
- Direct access to Downtown
- Depressed on Ingra; separate regional and local traffic
- Port connection upgrade
- Trail connection and woonerf on Hyder St



Alt AB2 Non-Motorized

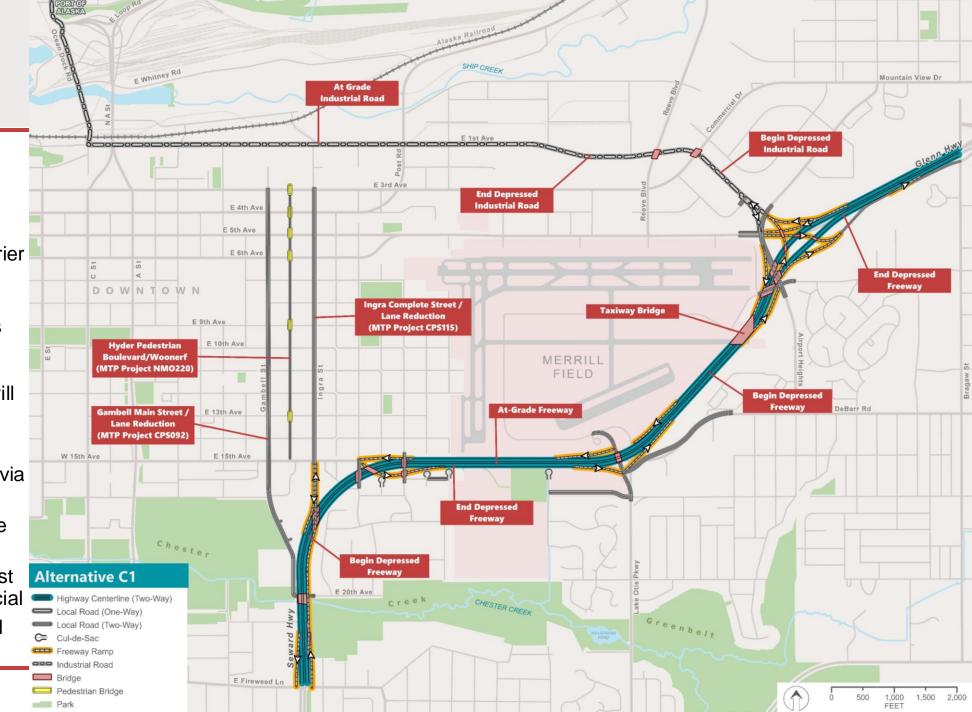


Alt C1

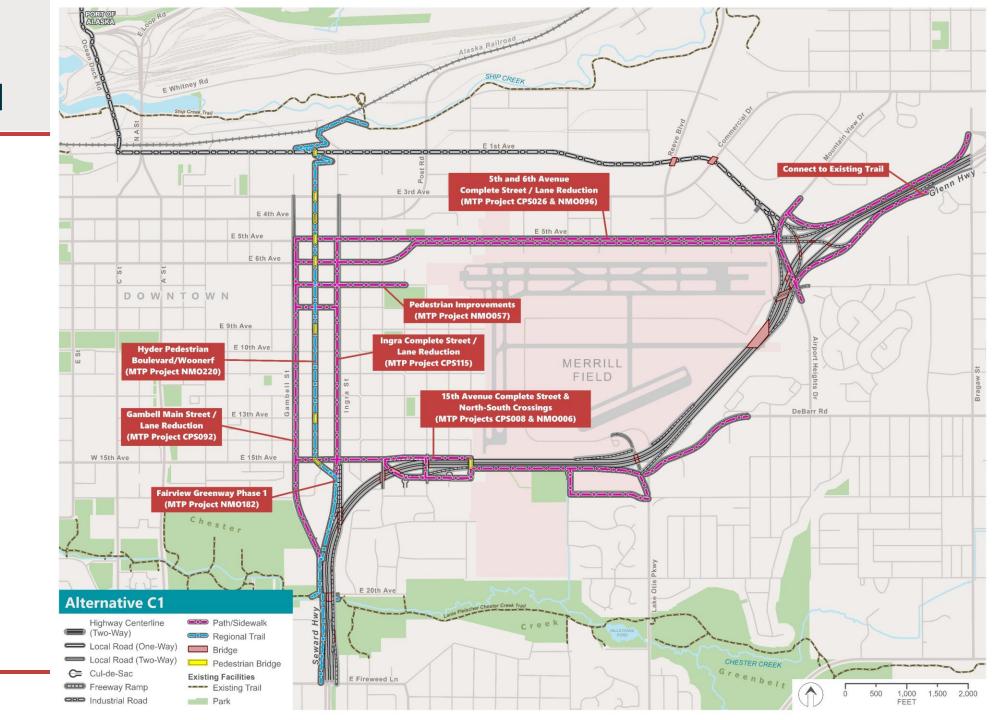
Design Approach

- Reduce relocation impacts; underutilized land and public right-of-way
- Reduce length of physical barrier through Fairview
- Largely bypass Fairview and Downtown; reduce trip lengths

- Use right-of-way south of Merrill Field and on 15th Ave
- Use vacant Northway Mall
- Interchange access to U-Med via Lake Otis Pkwy
- Depressed on 15th to separate regional and local traffic
- Port connection upgrade via 1st Ave, under Reeve & Commercial
- Greenway trail connection and woonerf on Hyder St



Alt C1 Non-Motorized



Alt C2

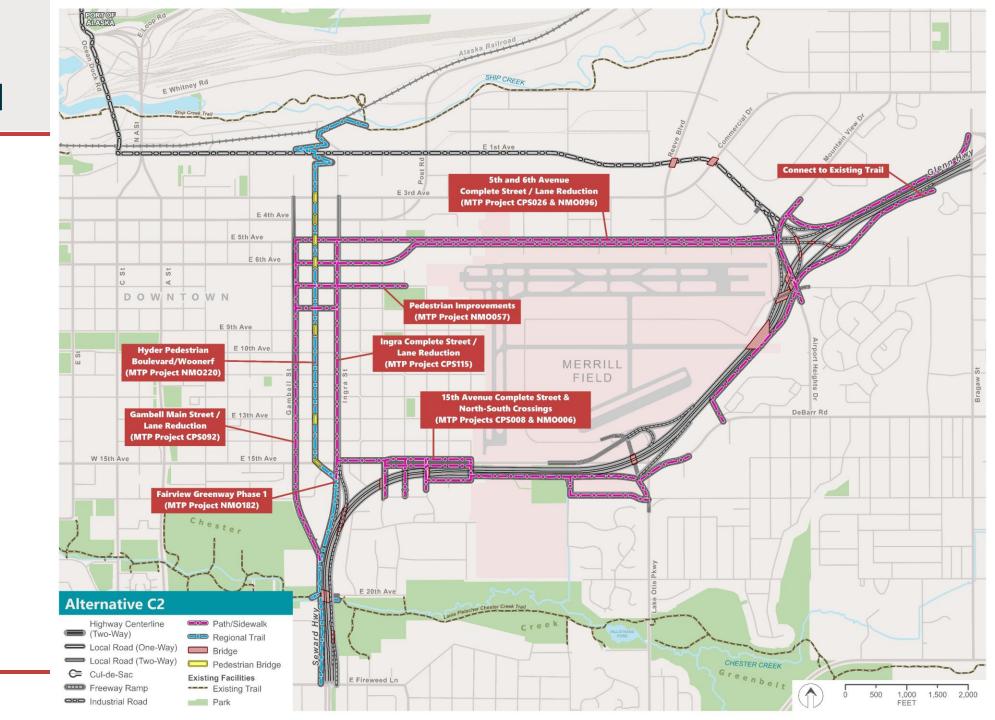
Design Approach

- Same as C1, but shifted south to keep 15th Ave. continuous
- Eliminate impacts to existing 15th Ave complete street
- Traffic to utilize east-west connect on 15th; not required to utilize freeway for short trips

- Depressed along 15th; separate regional and local traffic
- Use public right-of-way south of Merrill Field and on 15th Ave
- Use vacant Northway Mall
- Interchange access to U-Med via Lake Otis Pkwy
- Port connection upgrade via 1st under Reeve & Commercial
- Greenway trail connection and woonerf on Hyder St



Alt C2 Non-Motorized

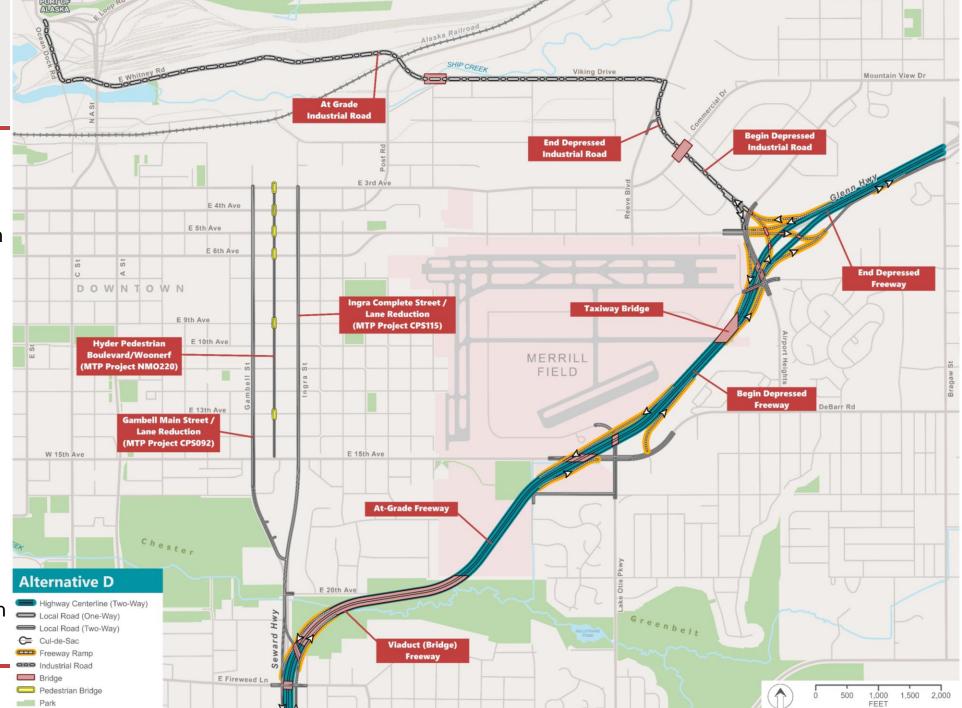


Alt D

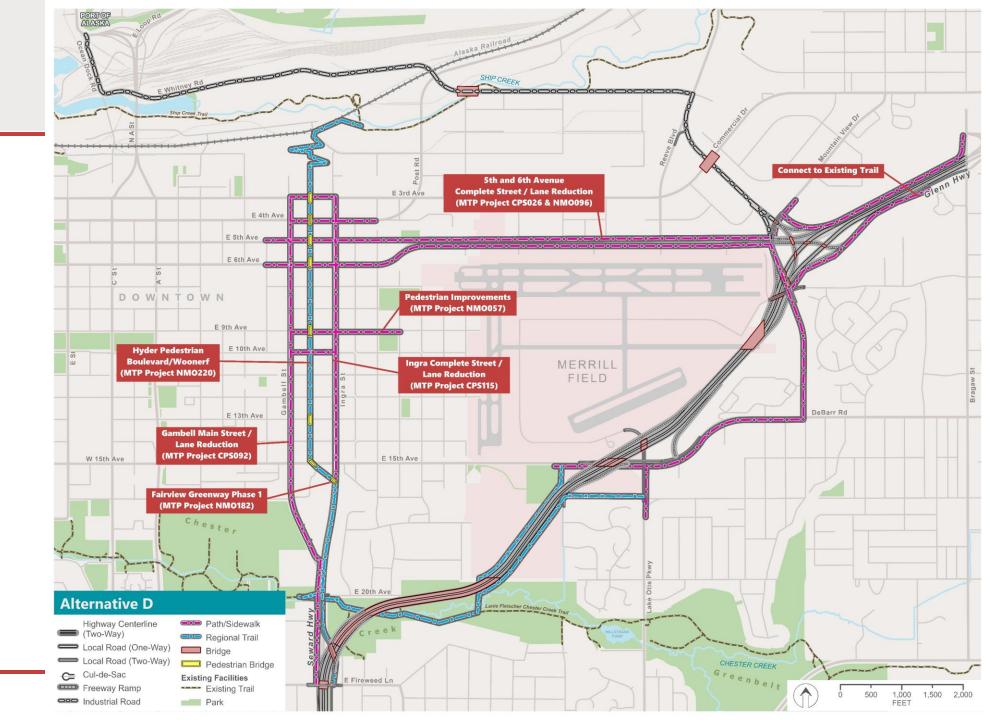
Design Approach

- Maximize use of public land to minimize relocation impacts
- Bypass Fairview and downtown
- Eliminate barrier through Fairview neighborhood

- Use vacant Northway Mall
- Use public land south of Merrill Field and south of 15th Avenue
- Over Chester Creek Greenbelt; reduce park/trail impacts
- Interchange to access U-Med via Lake Otis Pkwy
- Port connection upgrade via Whitney to Viking then under Commercial Drive
- Trail connection and woonerf on Hyder Street; trail connection from Chester Creek to Debarr



Alt D Non-Motorized



We want your input!





PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD:

February 7, 2024 – April 7, 2024

60 DAYS



VISIT OUR ONLINE
OPEN HOUSE AND
COMMENT USING THE
INTERACTIVE MAP

*Draft Alts and Ped Study Reports
Available Online



ONLINE '

sewardglennconnection.com

BY EMAIL

info@sewardglennconnection.com

BY PHONE (907) 206-2289

Purpose & Need



The proposed purpose is to improve mobility, accessibility, safety, and livability for people and goods traveling on or across the roadway system connecting the Seward Highway, Glenn Highway, and Port of Alaska by all modes (including people on foot, bicycles, and buses) while improving community cohesion. The intent is to (1) maintain the functionality of the National Highway System while meeting the local travel needs of residents who live, play, and work in the area and must safely travel across or along those roadways; and (2) improve neighborhood connections and quality of life and accommodate adopted plans as practicable.

Reduce Conflicting Travel Functions



Serving competing regional and local travel functions on the highway network in the study area leads to conflicts that reduce mobility, safety, and accessibility for all users.

Improve Safety





Crashes between vehicles and people walking or bicycling are elevated at several study area intersections.

Promote Social Equity and Economic Development

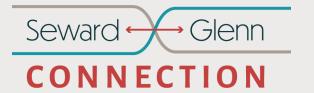




Current highway and arterial design on the Seward/ Glenn Highway corridor in the study area is inconsistent with the vision expressed in recently adopted plans. Those plans envision improving neighborhood redevelopment, community cohesion, and quality of life.

These needs are presented in neither order of importance nor order of priority.

Pedestrian and Bicycle Study



Pedestrian and Bicycle Count Locations





First attempt besides annual "bike to work day" to comprehensively count pedestrians and bicyclists



37 locations studied, including mid-block street crossings (between intersections)

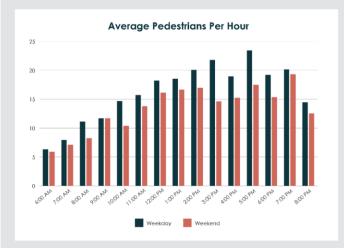


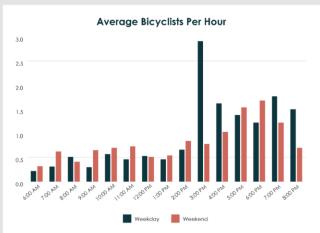
Counts were done using digital video cameras



Data was collected during two weekdays and one weekend day, between 6 a.m. and 9 p.m., while schools were in session and prior to the onset of winter

Average Activity Per Hour







Pedestrian and bicycle activity was generally highest in the afternoon and early evening

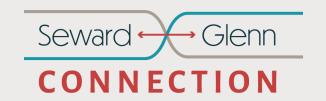


Pedestrian activity was generally higher on weekdays than on the weekend



Pedestrian and bicyclist activity was generally highest on Gambell Street

Draft Alternatives Available!



Described in the Draft Recommended Alternative Selection Criteria Memorandum

Universe of Alternatives

Who Contributes Ideas?

General Public
Study Team
Stakeholders
Elected Officials

Ideas

Who Contributes Ideas?

Federal Agencies
State Agencies
Local Government
AMATS & DOT&PF

Preliminary Alternatives



